



HTML5 – 201

Nolan Erck

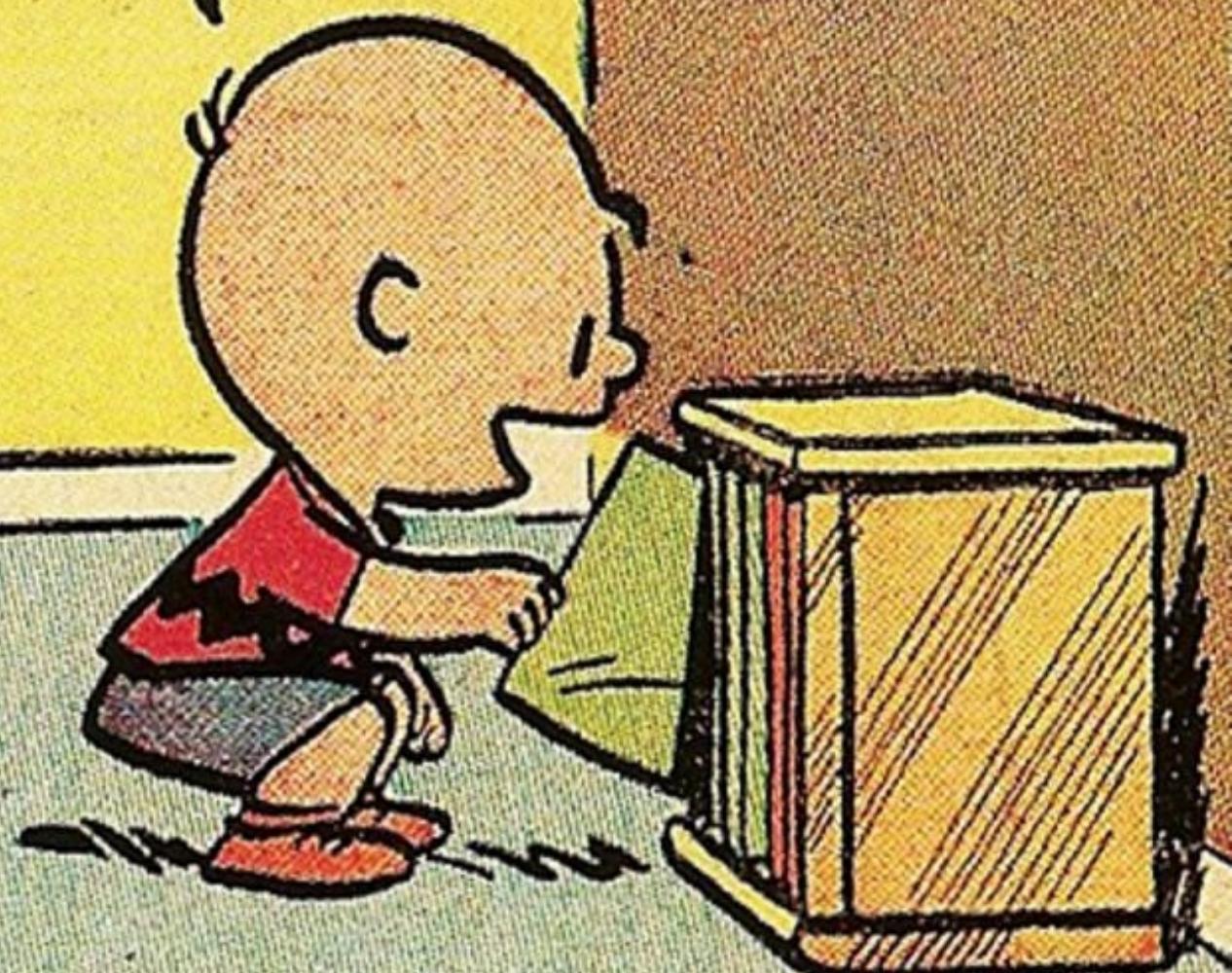
About Me

- Independent Consultant – Southofshasta.com
- Co-Manager - SacInteractive User Group
- Stuff I've used: HTML, ColdFusion, .NET, PHP, C++, Java, JavaScript, jQuery, SQL, etc.
- Stuff I've done: CycleGear, Cast Images, Grim Fandango, SimPark, SimSafari, Star Wars Episode 1, .
- Music junkie.





I'M REAL PROUD OF MY
RECORD COLLECTION



HTML5

- The spec has been finalized...finally!
- Browser support is getting pretty good
 - (except for those IE people)
- BUT...
 - Just because the spec is final doesn't mean browsers support everything yet.
 - Example: SVG fonts barely work anywhere
 - CanIUse.com

HTML5

- Several technologies, being marketed together.
- <HTML5>
- CSS3
- JavaScript
- SVG, etc



Basic HTML5 Things

- First stuff we used
 - Easier DOCTYPE tags
 - Rules about <tags /> aren't as strict
 - <section>, <aside>, etc.
 - Yes, <canvas> too.
 - New HTML form elements
 - (browser support still in progress).
 - New CSS
 - Media queries, shadows, transparency-opacity, importing fonts, etc.

Stuff we'll cover today

- Autofocus and Placeholder
- SVG
- Audio and Video
- Geolocation
- Drag and Drop
- Data Sets
- Custom elements
- Other resources, questions, etc.

Autofocus

No more JavaScript needed to set focus on a form field!

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<body>
<form action="submit.cfm">
  First name: <input autofocus type="text" placeholder="Your First Name"
    name="fname" /><br />
  Last name: <input type="text" name="lname"
    placeholder="Your Last Name" /><br />
  Age: <input type="text" />
  <input type="submit" />
</form>
</body>
</html>
```

(Demo 1)

SVG – Scalable Vector Graphics

- Draw vector graphics in HTML “on the fly”
 - No JPGs or PNGs required.

```
<svg>  
  <circle cx="50" cy="50" r="30" />  
  <rect x="0" y="0" width="100" height="100" />  
</svg>
```

(Demo 2)

SVG – Scalable Vector Graphics

- Can do favicons in SVG for higher resolution images.
- Currently only works in Firefox.
 - For cross browser stuff, use normal .ICO files.

Audio

```
<audio>
```

```
  <source src="chopin.mp3" type="audio/mpeg" />
```

```
</audio>
```

- Supports “graceful degradation”.
- WAV files don't work in Firefox yet.
- MP3 isn't an "open" standard, support may vary.
- See also: Web Audio API for high-level processing
 - (No IE support yet, but Edge works.)

(Demo 3)

Video

- Works same as <audio>

```
<video width="400" controls>  
  <source src="UnavailableFile.ogg" type="video/ogg">  
  <source src="Buckethead.mp4" type="video/mp4">
```

Your browser does not support HTML5 video.

```
</video>
```

- Same as MP3/audio, MP4 isn't open standard
 - Support may vary

(Demo 4)

Geolocation

- Determining where a user is located.

```
<script>
```

```
navigator.geolocation.getCurrentPosition(success,  
error);
```

```
function success() { /* found the user's location */ }
```

```
function error() { /* can't find location */ }
```

```
</script>
```

(Demo 5)

Data Sets

- Can specify extra “meta data” to describe an element in your HTML.
- Old way:

```
<div id="CustID_123_City_London_Age_69">David  
Bowie</div>
```
- What if we don't know the city?

```
<div id="CustID_123_City__Age_69">David Bowie</div>
```
- Data is inconsistent, have to write various hacks to deal with all the variations of missing data.

Data Sets

- New way...with data sets!

```
<div id="myUser" data-custid="123" data-city="London"  
data-age="69">
```

David Bowie

```
</div>
```

- Can name a property anything you want, just prefix it with "data-". Treated as valid HTML markup.
- To access it via JavaScript:

```
var el = document.querySelector('#myUser');  
el.dataset.age = 64;  
el.dataset.city = "New York City";
```

(Demo 6)

Drag and Drop

- Make an element draggable:
 - ``
- Then, specify what should happen when the element is dragged:
 - `ondragstart="drag(event)"`

Drag and Drop

```
function drag(ev) {  
  ev.dataTransfer.setData("userID", ev.target.id);  
}
```

The `dataTransfer.setData()` method sets the data name and the value of the dragged data.

Type is "userID" and the value is the id of the draggable element ("myHeadshot").

Drag and Drop

- *Where we're dragging this item to:*
 - <div id="premireUsers" ondrop="drop(event)" ondragover="allowDrop(event)"></div>
- ondragover event specifies where the dragged data can be dropped.
- By default, data/elements cannot be dropped INTO other elements. To allow a drop, we must prevent the default handling of the element.
 - event.preventDefault()

(Demo 7)

Editable Content

- Inline editable content on a web page.
- No need to swap `<div>` and `<input>` or have “read only” and “edit” templates.

```
<section id="editable" contenteditable="true">
```

- Listen for whatever JavaScript events make sense for your app, and save the data to local storage, ajax, whatever.

(Demo 8)

Custom Elements

- Create your own HTML tags.

```
var MyTreehouseElement = document.registerElement('my-treehouse');
```

- Means I can do this in HTML:

```
<my-treehouse> ... </my-treehouse>
```

- x-treehouse is treated as a first class citizen (same as `<aside>`, `<div>`, whatever).
- Name of your custom element must contain a dash (-) so the browsers can determine between standard and custom HTML elements.
- (See also: `<template>` and Polymer).

(Demo 9)

Extending Existing Elements

```
var ThumbImage = document.registerElement('thumb-img', {  
  prototype: ThumbImageProto,  
  extends: 'img' });
```

- To use your custom element:

```
<img is="thumb-img">
```

- There are a number of callbacks that you can listen for when creating and managing your custom elements.

Extending Existing Elements

- Use callbacks to fire JavaScript via this event:
- `createdCallback` – Called when a custom element is created.
- `attachedCallback` – Called when a custom element is inserted into the DOM.
- `detachedCallback` – Called when a custom element is removed from the DOM.
- `attributeChangedCallback(attrName, oldValue, newValue)` – Called when an attribute on a custom element changes.

(No demo...browser support is pretty bad still.)

But wait there's more!

- Offline webapps via the “cache.manifest” file.
- Cryptography.
- IndexedDB – client side databases.
- Ambient light, websockets, animations, touch events, HTML templates, spellcheck, clipboard API and on and on and ON! Phew!
- Lots of smart people here at the conference – ask what they're doing!

Other resources

- W3schools.com
 - Examples of pretty much anything
- CanIUse.com
- Html5demos.com
- Html5shiv on GitHub
 - For VERY basic old-IE support
- Modernizr.com
 - For testing HTML5/CSS3 support
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 - Custom elements w/ better browser support.

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- Contact info:
 - Southofshasta.com
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 - Twitter: [@southofshasta](https://twitter.com/southofshasta)

Thanks!



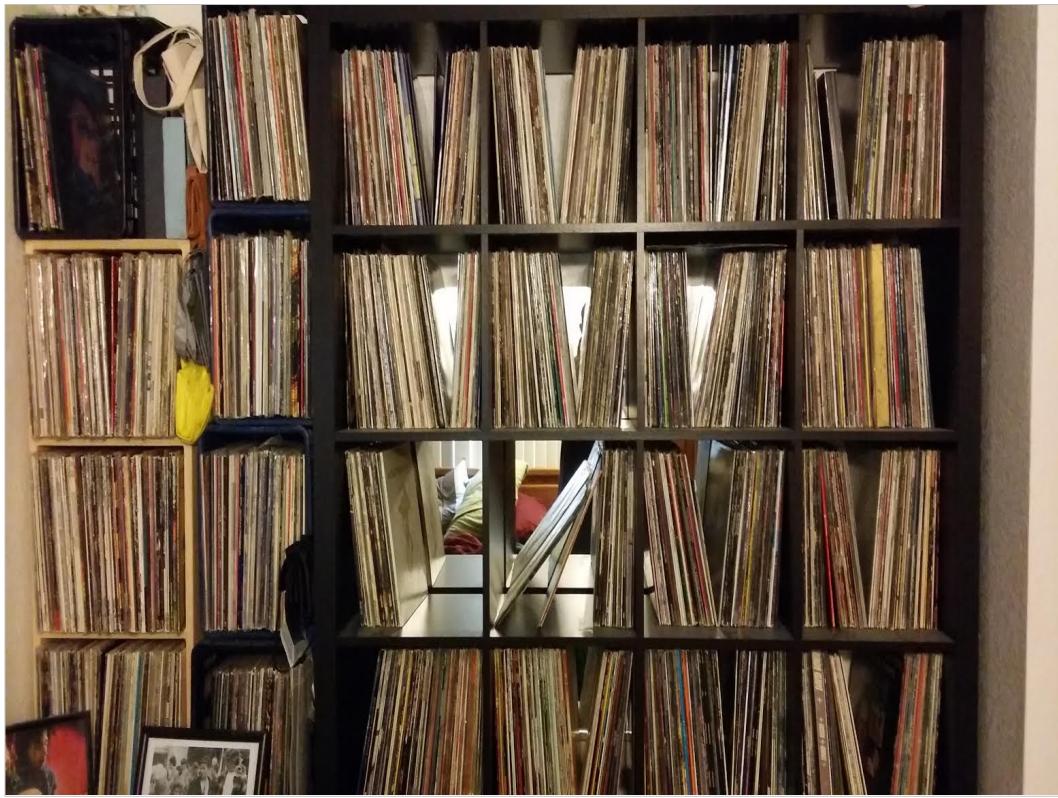
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